MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/33

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS & OTHER MATTERS

- M marks are method marks upon which further marks depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent marks can be scored.
- B marks: are independent marks, which do not depend on other marks. For a B mark to scored, the point to which it refers must be seen specifically in the candidate's answers.
- A marks In general A marks are awarded for final answers to numerical questions. If a final numerical answer, eligible for A marks, is correct, with the correct unit and an acceptable number of significant figures, all the marks for that question are normally awarded.

It is very occasionally possible to arrive at a correct answer by an entirely wrong approach. In these rare circumstances, do not award the A marks, but award C marks on their merits. However, correct numerical answers with no working shown gain all the marks available.

C marks are compensatory marks in general applicable to numerical questions. These can be scored even if the point to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, **provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it.** For example, if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct substitution or working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored. A C mark is not awarded if a candidate makes two points which contradict each other. Points which are wrong but irrelevant are ignored.

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets.

e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

- <u>underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- OR / or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.
- e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".
- o.w.t.t.e. means "or words to that effect".
- Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.
- Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.
- Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct or irrelevant is to be disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.

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ecf	meaning "error carried forward" is mainly applicable to numerical questions, but may in particular circumstances be applied in non-numerical questions. This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried an incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, marks indicated by ecf may be awarded, provided the subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind the earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but only applies to marks annotated ecf.					
Sig. figs.	Answers are normally acceptable to any numbe exceptions to this general rule will be specified i accept numerical answers, which, if reduced to t right.	n the mark sche	me. In general,			
Units	Deduct one mark for each incorrect or missing un otherwise gain all the marks available for the question. No deduction is incurred if the unit is mis shown correctly in the working.	that answer: ma	aximum 1 per			
Arithmetic errors	Deduct one mark if the only error in arriving at a fir one.	nal answer is clea	rly an arithmetic			
Transcription errors	Deduct one mark if the only error in arriving at a previously calculated data has clearly been misread		-			
Fractions	These are only acceptable where specified.					

	Pa	ge 4	4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – October/November 2011			Syllabus 0625		Paper 33							
1	(a)	<i>mg</i> 650	in ar DN	ny for		0(3020	I	C1 A1	
	(b)	gra	vitatio	nal / a	attractiv	ve <u>and</u>	<u>d</u> the E	Earth						B1	
	(c)	(i)	65 kg	J										B1	
		(ii)	104 (OR 10	00N e	ecf (i)								B1	[5]
2	(a)	(i)			l <u>curve</u> rizonta	l at top	and	not ve	ertical at	bottom				B1 B1	
		(ii)	force	shov	vn verti	cally do	own (ad	ccept l	eaning l	back a <u>sm</u>	<u>nall</u> ar	nount)		B1	
	(b)		•		air res	istance	negligi	ible / s	ame ac	celeration	ו			B2	
		tim	es diff			sistanc	е							B1 B1	
	(c)	2.5 (v =	• •			andidate	e's <i>t</i> val	lue						C1 C1 C1 A1	[9]
3	(a)	(i)	vecto	or has	directi	on Of	R scal	ar has	no dire	ction/only	has :	size		B1	
		(ii)	any a	appro	priate e	example	е							B1	
	(b)	tria len 100	ngle o gth ½), 200	r rect that c and 7	angle v of one s 7 all co	vith hyp side rrectly l	ny orien potenus labellec l inclus	se/diac	jonal of					B1 B1 B1	[5]
4	(a)	(i)	(P =)	F/A	words	or sym	nbols							B1	
		(ii)	2250	00 Pa										B1	
	(b)		s pres s sinki											B1 B1	
	(c)	anv	/ suaa	estior	ו which	involv	es incre	easing	the are	a in conta	act wit	th the ic	e		

(c) any suggestion which involves increasing the area in contact with the ice e.g. snow shoes / skis

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0625	33 C1 A1	
	AI	
	B2	
	C1 A1	
	B1	[7]
ed) seen)	5 points 3 4 points 2 3 points 1 B3	
nass (seen or stated)	5 points 3 4 points 2 3 points 1 B3	
e.e.o.o.	В3	
temp drop -1 e.e.	0.0.	
J	B3	
	B1 C1	
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) 	een) \int ass (seen or stated) \int e.e.o.o. eemp drop $\begin{cases} -1 \text{ e.e.} \end{cases}$	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{C1} \\ \text{A1} \\ \text{B1} \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \text{B1} \\ \text{B2} \\ \text{B3} \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \text{Spoints 3} \\ \text{4 points 2} \\ \text{B3} \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \text{B3} \\ \text{B3} \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \text{Spoints 3} \\ \text{4 points 2} \\ \text{B3} \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \text{B3} \\ \text{B3} \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \text{B3} \\ \text{B3} \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \text{B3} \\ \text{B3} \\ \end{array} $

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7	(a)	(i)	4 V		0023	B1	
		(ii)	12 V			B1	
	(b)	(i)	6Ω			B1	
		(ii)	1/R 2Ω	= 1/3 + 1/6 OR (3 × 6)/(3 + 6)		C1 A1	
	(c)		R OR ecf	12/candidate's (ii)		C1 A1	
	(d)	(i)	stay	s same		B1	
		(ii)	decr	eases		B1	[9]
8	(a)	(i)	curre	ent clockwise when viewed from top		B1	
		(ii)		clockwise (however expressed) allow ecf from (a)(i) down on left and/or up on right		B1	
	(b)	(i)	faste	er		B1	
		(ii)	faste	er OR the same		B1	
		(iii)	faste	er		B1	
	(c)	(inc	reasi	ng) back / opposing e.m.f. allow an opposing (induc	ced) current	B1	[6]
9	(a)	sinę	gle fre	equency / wavelength IGNORE single colour / chro	omatic	B1	
	(b)	sin 1.6		OR sin45/sin26 IGNORE sin r/sin i		C1 A1	
	(c)	45°				B1	
	(d)			wer / smaller ster / greater		B1 B1	[6]
10	(a)	(i)	ΝΟΊ	-		B1	
		(ii)	ANE)		o ul (l 100 o	

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	Ра	age 7		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
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	(b)	(i)		/ 0 / off / 0 / off		B1 B1		
		(ii)	•	/ 1 / on / 1 / on		B1 B1		
	(c)	Вс	annot	t provide enough power/voltage/current to light lamp	(IGNORE strer	ngth) B1		
	(d)	OR	security lamp OR intruder alarm OR burglar alarm with explanation OR beach lighting OR air freezer at indoor ski slope OR fridge alarm i.e. something that switches on when hot and dark (in a practical situation)					
11	(a)	idea of absorption by paper e.g. put between source and detector α is absorbed, β is not idea of deflection in magnetic field e.g. magnet near source β is deflected much more/opposite direction						
	(b)	(i) 6 14						
		(ii) 3 half-lives 17 190 / 17 200 / 17 000 / 1.7 × 10 ⁴ years						