



Cambridge International AS & A Level

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CHEMISTRY

9701/22

Paper 2 AS Level Structured Questions

May/June 2023

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.
- Important values, constants and standards are printed in the question paper.

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

- 1 The melting points of some solids are shown in Table 1.1.

Table 1.1

solid	melting point/K
magnesium	923
phosphorus	317
sodium chloride	1074
sulfur	392

- (a) (i) State the type of bonding present in magnesium and in sodium chloride.

bonding in magnesium

bonding in sodium chloride

[1]

- (ii) Explain the difference in the melting points of magnesium and sodium chloride.

.....
..... [1]

- (iii) Explain the difference in the melting points of phosphorus and sulfur in terms of structure and bonding.

.....
.....
..... [2]

- (b) (i) Define electronegativity.

.....
..... [1]

- (ii) Explain why electronegativity increases across a period.

.....
.....
..... [2]

- (iii) Name the strongest intermolecular force that exists between $\text{NH}_3(\text{l})$ molecules.

..... [1]

- (iv) Draw a diagram to show the formation of the strongest intermolecular force between **two** molecules of $\text{NH}_3(\text{l})$.

Include any relevant lone pairs of electrons and dipoles.

[2]

- (v) The melting points of ice and ammonia are shown in Table 1.2.

Table 1.2

solid	melting point/K
ice	273
ammonia	195

Suggest **two** reasons for the difference in the melting points of ice and ammonia.

.....
.....
..... [2]

[Total: 12]

2 Chlorine is a reactive element. It forms many compounds.

- (a) (i)** Complete Table 2.1 to show the maximum oxidation number of the elements Na to P in their chlorides.

Table 2.1

element	Na	Mg	Al	Si	P
maximum oxidation number					

[1]

- (ii)** State what determines the maximum oxidation number of elements in Period 3.

..... [1]

- (b)** An excess of cold water is added to the chloride of silicon.

- (i)** Write an equation for the reaction between an excess of cold water and the chloride of silicon.

..... [1]

- (ii)** Suggest the pH of the solution produced in **(b)(i)**.

..... [1]

- (c)** An excess of cold water is added to the chloride of phosphorus.

- (i)** Write an equation for the reaction between an excess of cold water and the chloride of phosphorus.

..... [1]

- (ii)** Suggest the pH of the solution produced in **(c)(i)**.

..... [1]

- (d) (i)** Write an equation for the reaction of chlorine with water.

..... [1]

- (ii)** Write an equation for the reaction of chlorine with hot NaOH(aq).

..... [1]

- (e) Bleach is used as a cleaning product to kill bacteria. It is made by adding compounds like sodium chlorate(I), NaClO , to water.

- (i) Identify the formula of the ion present in bleach that kills bacteria.

..... [1]

- (ii) Sodium chlorate(I), NaClO , reacts with hydrogen peroxide to produce sodium chloride, water and oxygen gas.

Construct an equation for this reaction.

..... [1]

- (iii) A sample of bleach **W** contains an unknown concentration of sodium chlorate(I).

10.0 cm^3 of **W** is diluted with distilled water to make a total volume of 100 cm^3 of bleach solution. 25.0 cm^3 of this diluted bleach solution is added to an excess of hydrogen peroxide and the volume of gas produced measured under room conditions. The experiment is repeated and on average 25.0 cm^3 of diluted bleach solution produces 42.0 cm^3 of gas.

Calculate the concentration, in g dm^{-3} , of sodium chlorate(I) in **W**.

concentration of NaClO in **W** = g dm^{-3} [3]

[Total: 13]

- 3 Fig. 3.1 describes a sequence of reactions that can be used to produce a food additive, compound Y, from $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$.

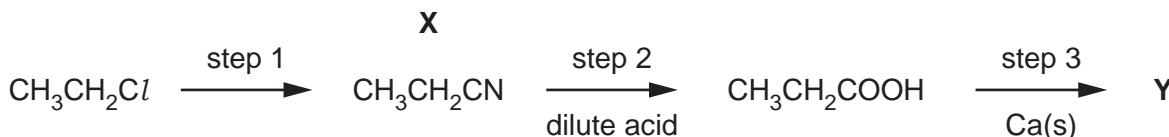


Fig. 3.1

- (a) (i) State the reagent and conditions for step 1 in Fig. 3.1.

..... [1]

- (ii) Give the systematic name of X.

..... [1]

- (iii) Identify the type of reaction that occurs when dilute acid is added to X in step 2.

..... [1]

- (iv) In step 3, Y and a gas are produced.

Construct an equation for step 3.

..... [2]

- (b) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ can also be formed from propan-1-ol and potassium dichromate(VI). State the conditions required.

..... [1]

- (c) Complete Table 3.1 to show the number of sigma bonds (σ) and pi bonds (π) present in a molecule of X.

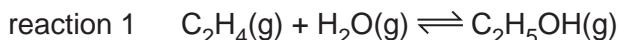
Table 3.1

type of bond	number of bonds in X
sigma (σ)	
pi (π)	

[2]

[Total: 8]

- 4 In industry, ethanol is made by reacting ethene with steam in the presence of H_3PO_4 .



- (a) Use the bond energy values in Table 4.1 to calculate the enthalpy change, ΔH_f , for reaction 1.

Table 4.1

bond	bond energy / kJ mol^{-1}
C–C	350
C=C	610
C≡C	840
C–H	410
C–O	360
C=O	740
O–H	460

$$\Delta H_f = \dots \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} \quad [2]$$

- (b) Reaction 1 reaches equilibrium at constant temperature and pressure.

Deduce what effect increasing the pressure will have on the amount of ethanol in the new equilibrium mixture. Use Le Chatelier's principle to explain your answer.

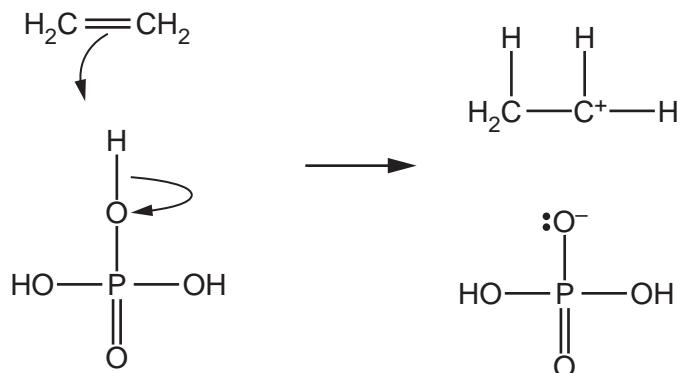
effect of increasing pressure

explanation

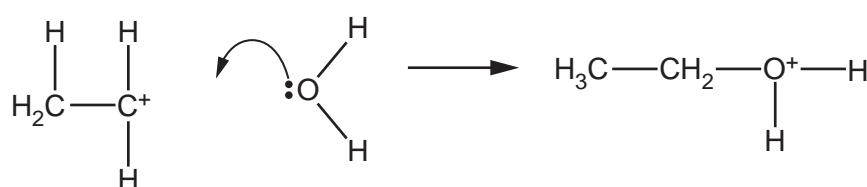
..... [2]

- (c) The mechanism for reaction 1 can be described in three steps. Steps 1 and 2 for reaction 1 are shown in Fig. 4.1.

step 1



step 2

**Fig. 4.1**

- (i) Describe the behaviour of H_3PO_4 in step 1 in Fig. 4.1. Explain your answer.

..... [1]

- (ii) Identify the species that behaves as an electrophile in step 2 in Fig. 4.1. Explain your answer.

..... [1]

- (iii) Complete Fig. 4.2 to show the mechanism for step 3 of reaction 1. Include charges, dipoles, lone pairs of electrons and curly arrows, as appropriate.

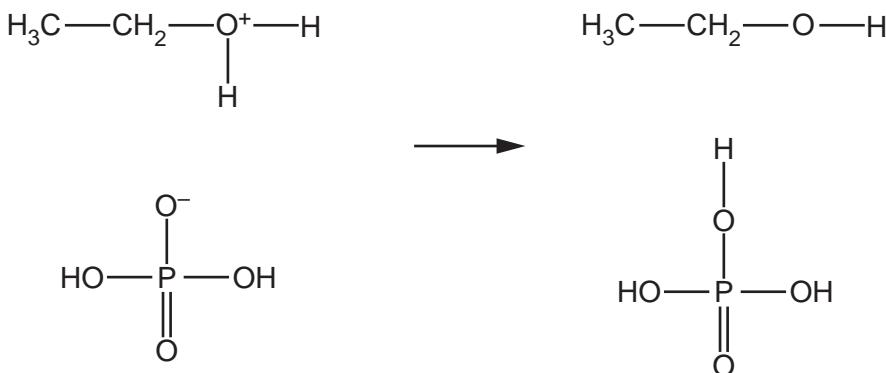


Fig. 4.2

[2]

- (iv) Describe how a catalyst affects a reaction. Explain your answer.
-

[2]

- (v) Use Fig. 4.1 and Fig. 4.2 to justify why H_3PO_4 is described as a catalyst in reaction 1.
-

[1]

- (vi) Propene also reacts with steam. A mixture of organic products is produced.

Explain why propan-2-ol is produced in the higher yield.

.....

.....

[2]

- (d) Describe the covalent bonds present between the carbon atoms in an ethene molecule by completing Table 4.2.

Table 4.2

	sigma (σ)	pi (π)
type of orbitals involved in bond		
how the orbitals overlap		

- 5 (a) Describe structural isomerism.

.....
..... [1]

- (b) **A** and **B** are structural isomers with molecular formula C₅H₁₀O.

They are both straight-chained molecules with only one functional group.

Table 5.1 describes observations when separate samples of **A** and **B** are added to different reagents.

Table 5.1

reagent	A	B
2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (2,4-DNPH reagent)	orange precipitate appears	orange precipitate appears
Tollens' reagent	silver mirror appears	no reaction
alkaline I ₂ (aq)	no reaction	no reaction

- (i) Name the functional group present in both **A** and **B**.

..... [1]

- (ii) Draw the structures of **A** and **B** in the boxes.

A

B

[2]

- (c) **C** is a structural isomer of **A** and **B**.

C is straight chained and has two functional groups.

C shows only one type of stereoisomerism.

Table 5.2 describes observations when separate samples of **C** are added to different reagents.

Table 5.2

reagent	C
2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (2,4-DNPH reagent)	no reaction
$\text{Br}_2(\text{aq})$	orange to colourless
alkaline $\text{I}_2(\text{aq})$	yellow precipitate appears

- (i) Draw the structure of **C** in the box.

C

[2]

- (ii) Name the type of stereoisomerism shown by molecules of **C**.

..... [1]

- (d) **D** reacts in the presence of a sulfuric acid catalyst to form **E** and water.

The structure of **E** is shown in Fig. 5.1.

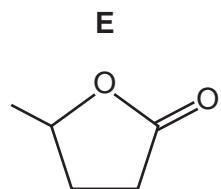


Fig. 5.1

- (i) Name the functional group present in **E**.

..... [1]

- (ii) Identify the type of reaction that occurs when **D** reacts to form **E**.

..... [1]

- (iii) Draw the structure of **D** in the box.

D

[1]

(iv) The infrared spectrum of **E** is shown in Fig. 5.2.

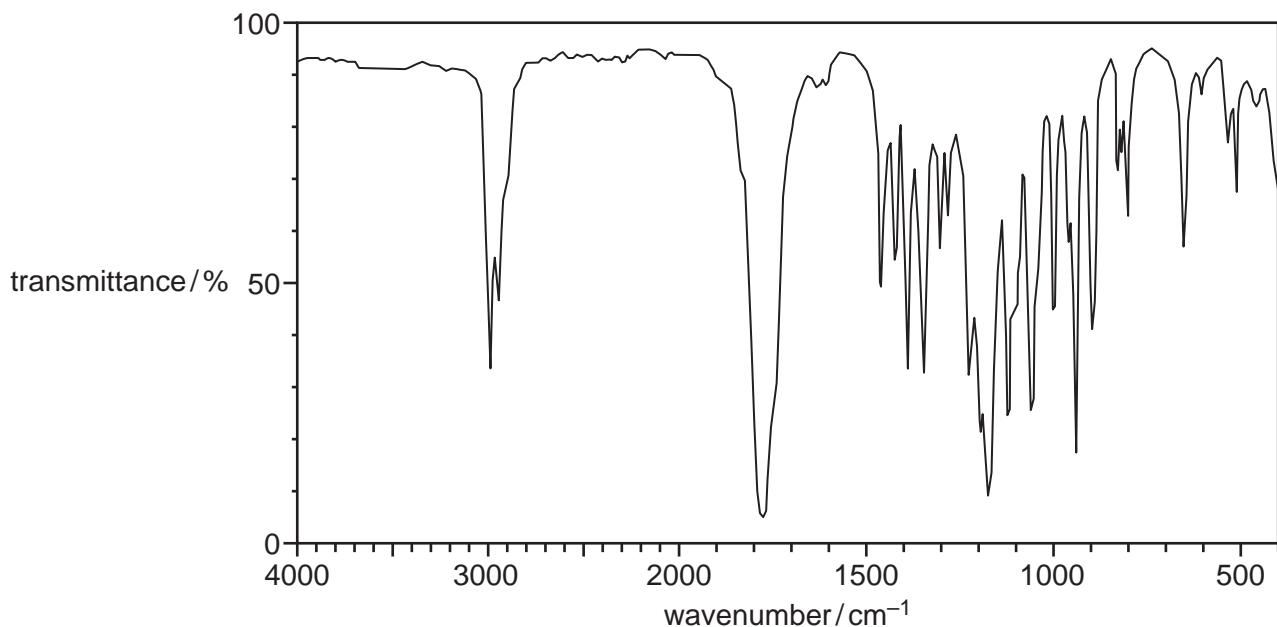


Fig. 5.2

Table 5.3

bond	functional groups containing the bond	characteristic infrared absorption range (in wavenumbers)/cm ⁻¹
C—O	hydroxy, ester	1040–1300
C=C	aromatic compound, alkene	1500–1680
C=O	amide carbonyl, carboxyl ester	1640–1690 1670–1740 1710–1750
C≡N	nitrile	2200–2250
C—H	alkane	2850–2950
N—H	amine, amide	3300–3500
O—H	carboxyl hydroxy	2500–3000 3200–3600

Use Fig. 5.2 and Table 5.3 to predict **two** differences in the absorptions above 1500 cm⁻¹ of the infrared spectrum of **D** compared to **E**. Explain your answer.

.....

.....

.....

Important values, constants and standards

molar gas constant	$R = 8.31 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
Faraday constant	$F = 9.65 \times 10^4 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$
Avogadro constant	$L = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
electronic charge	$e = -1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
molar volume of gas	$V_m = 22.4 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ at s.t.p. (101 kPa and 273K) $V_m = 24.0 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ at room conditions
ionic product of water	$K_w = 1.00 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ dm}^{-6}$ (at 298K (25 °C))
specific heat capacity of water	$c = 4.18 \text{ kJ kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ ($4.18 \text{ J g}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$)

The Periodic Table of Elements

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11	Na sodium 23.0	12	Mg magnesium 24.3	20	Ca calcium 40.1	21	Sc scandium 45.0	22	Ti titanium 47.9	23	V vanadium 50.9	24	Cr chromium 52.0	25	Mn manganese 54.9	26	Fe iron 55.8	27	Co cobalt 58.9	28	Ni nickel 58.7	29	Zn zinc 65.4	30	Ga gallium 69.7	31	Ge germanium 72.6	32	As arsenic 74.9	33	Se selenium 79.0	34	Br bromine 79.9	35	He helium 4.0	10	Ne neon 20.2	18	Ar argon 39.9																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
19	K potassium 39.1	20	Ca calcium 40.1	21	Sc scandium 45.0	22	Ti titanium 47.9	23	V vanadium 50.9	24	Cr chromium 52.0	25	Mn manganese 54.9	26	Fe iron 55.8	27	Co cobalt 58.9	28	Ni nickel 58.7	29	Zn zinc 65.4	30	Ga gallium 69.7	31	Ge germanium 72.6	32	As arsenic 74.9	33	Se selenium 79.0	34	Br bromine 79.9	35	Kr krypton 83.8	16	Xe xenon 131.3	1	I iodine 126.9	2	Te tellurium 127.6	3	I iodine 126.9	4	At astatine 209.0	5	Rn radon –	6	Og oganesson –	7	Lu lutetium 175.0	8	Yb ytterbium 173.1	9	Tm thulium 168.9	10	Er erbium 167.3	11	Dy dysprosium 162.5	12	Ho holmium 164.9	13	Er erbium 167.3	14	Tm thulium 168.9	15	Yb ytterbium 173.1	16	Lu lutetium 175.0	17	Y yttrium 89	18	La lanthanum 138.9	19	Ce cerium 140.1	20	Pr praseodymium 140.9	21	Nd neodymium 144.4	22	Pm promethium –	23	Sm samarium 150.4	24	Eu europium 152.0	25	Gd gadolinium 157.3	26	Tb terbium 158.9	27	Dy dysprosium 162.5	28	Ho holmium 164.9	29	Er erbium 167.3	30	Tm thulium 168.9	31	Yb ytterbium 173.1	32	Lu lutetium 175.0	33	Y yttrium 89	34	Th thorium 232.0	35	Pa protactinium 231.0	36	U uranium 238.0	37	Np neptunium –	38	Am americium –	39	Cf berkelium –	40	Fm einsteinium –	41	Md mendelevium –	42	No nobelium –	43	Lr lawrencium –	44	Y yttrium 89	45	Ac actinium –	46	Fr francium –	47	Ra radium –	48	Sg seaborgium –	49	Bh bohrium –	50	Ts tennessine –	51	Mc moscovium –	52	Lv livornium –	53	At astatine –	54	Rn radon –	55	Og oganesson –	56	Fr francium –	57	La lanthanum 138.9	58	Ce cerium 140.1	59	Pr praseodymium 140.9	60	Nd neodymium 144.4	61	Pm promethium –	62	Sm samarium 150.4	63	Eu europium 152.0	64	Gd gadolinium 157.3	65	Tb terbium 158.9	66	Dy dysprosium 162.5	67	Ho holmium 164.9	68	Er erbium 167.3	69	Tm thulium 168.9	70	Yb ytterbium 173.1	71	Lu lutetium 175.0	72	Y yttrium 89	73	Ac actinium –	74	Fr francium –	75	Ra radium –	76	Sg seaborgium –	77	Bh bohrium –	78	Ts tennessine –	79	Mc moscovium –	80	Lv livornium –	81	At astatine –	82	Bi bismuth 209.0	83	Po polonium 207.2	84	At astatine –	85	Rn radon –	86	Og oganesson –	87	Fr francium –	88	Ra radium –	89	Fr francium –	90	Pa protactinium 231.0	91	U uranium 238.0	92	Np neptunium –	93	Pu plutonium –	94	Am americium –	95	Cm curium –	96	Bk berkelium –	97	Cf berkelium –	98	Fm einsteinium –	99	Md mendelevium –	100	No nobelium –	101	Lr lawrencium –	102	Og oganesson –	103	Fr francium –	104	Rf rutherfordium –	105	Db dubnium –	106	Bh bohrium –	107	Hs hassium –	108	Ts tennessine –	109	Mt meitnerium –	110	Ds darmstadtium –	111	Rg roentgenium –	112	Cn copernicium –	113	Nh nihonium –	114	Ft florium –	115	Mc moscovium –	116	Lv livornium –	117	Ts tennessine –	118	Og oganesson –	119	Fr francium –	120	Fr francium –	121	Fr francium –	122	Fr francium –	123	Fr francium –	124	Fr francium –	125	Fr francium –	126	Fr francium –	127	Fr francium –	128	Fr francium –	129	Fr francium –	130	Fr francium –	131	Fr francium –	132	Fr francium –	133	Fr francium –	134	Fr francium –	135	Fr francium –	136	Fr francium –	137	Fr francium –	138	Fr francium –	139	Fr francium –	140	Fr francium 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